Claims:

- 1 1. A data structure, comprising:
- a plurality of data frames temporally separated by respective inter-packet gaps
- 3 (IPGs), each IPG having positioned within it at least a synchronization pattern suitable for
- 4 delineating a respective data frame.
- 1 2. The data structure of claim 1, wherein a length indicative data element is positioned
- 2 within said IPG, each length indicative data element storing a length parameter associated
- 3 with a data frame adjacent said IPG.
- 1 3. The data structure of claim 2, wherein said length indicative data element comprises
- a count of a number of double words within said adjacent data frame.
- 1 4. The data structure of claim 2, wherein said length indicative data element comprises
- 2 a count of a number of words within said adjacent data frame.
- 1 5. The data structure of claim 1, wherein a cyclical redundancy check (CRC) data
- 2 element is positioned within each IPG, said CRC data element storing a CRC generated
- 3 using a data frame adjacent said IPG.
- 1 6. The data structure of claim 5, wherein said adjacent data frame is scrambled using a
- 2 polynomial which is relatively prime with a CRC generator polynomial used to generate
- 3 said respective CRC indicative data element.
- 1 7. The data structure of claim 1, wherein said data frame is scrambled using a
- 2 polynomial.

- 1 8. The data structure of claim 7, wherein said scrambled data frame and the contents of
- 2 said adjacent IPG are scrambled.
- 1 9. The data structure of claim 1, wherein a pointer data element is positioned within
- 2 said IPG, said pointer data element indicating the position of a next data frame.
- 1 10. A protocol suitable for delineating data frames within a communications link, said
- 2 protocol comprising a plurality of layers including a physical coding sublayer (PCS), said
- 3 PCS processing a data to be transmitted as a sequence of data frames, said protocol
- 4 comprising:
- 5 receiving a data stream to be transmitted as a sequence of data frames;
- 6 inserting, into a temporal region following each transmitted data frame, a
- 7 synchronization pattern suitable for delineating said data frame.
- 1 11. The protocol of claim 10, further comprising:
- 2 inserting, into said temporal region following each transmitted data frame, a cyclical
- 3 redundancy check (CRC) data element generated using the contents of said data frame.
- 1 12. The protocol of claim 11, further comprising:
- 2 inserting, into said temporal region following each transmitted data frame, a length
- 3 indicative data element generated according to the contents of a respective data frame.
- 1 13. The protocol of claim 10, further comprising:
- 2 scrambling said received data included within said sequence of data frames; and
- determining whether said scrambled data include a data pattern that may be
- 4 interpreted as being equivalent to said synchronization pattern; and
- 5 in the case of finding such a matching data pattern, inserting an error message into
- 6 said data frame being formed.

- 1 14. The protocol of claim 13, wherein said scrambling is performed using a polynomial
- 2 which is relatively prime with a CRC generator polynomial used to generate a CRC
- 3 indicative data element, said CRC indicative data element being inserted into a temporal
- 4 region following said data frame from which said CRC was generated.
- 1 15. A method for transmitting data, comprising:
- 2 transmitting, to a physical media dependent (PMD) layer, a sequence of idle control
- 3 characters;
- 4 transmitting, to said PMD layer, a start of frame delineator (SFD) upon detecting
- 5 the presence of data to be transmitted;
- transmitting said received data until an entire data frame has been transmitted;
- 7 transmitting, upon the transmission of said entire data frame, an end of frame
- 8 delineator (EFD) and a termination flag (T-FLAG), said T-FLAG comprising a relatively
- 9 long synchronization pattern selected to be substantially unique.
- 1 16. The method of claim 15, further comprising:
- 2 scrambling said data forming said data frame.
- 1 17. The method of claim 16, further comprising:
- 2 scrambling said scrambled data, said SFD, said EFD and said T-FLAG.
- 1 18. The method of claim 15, further comprising:
- 2 transmitting, to said PMD layer, an error flag (E-FLAG) upon detecting an
- 3 arrangement of data within said data frame substantially equivalent to said T-FLAG
- 4 synchronization pattern.
- 1 19. The method of claim 15, further comprising the step of:

- 2 transmitting, upon the transmission of said entire data frame, a pointer indicative of
- 3 the position of a next data frame to be transmitted.
- 1 20. A method for receiving data, comprising:
- 2 determining data frame delineation points within a received data stream by detecting
- 3 the presence of a synchronization pattern within said data stream, said synchronization
- 4 pattern being positioned within inter-packet gaps (IPGs); and
- 5 forming data frames for subsequent processing by utilizing said determined
- 6 delineation points.
- 1 21. The method of claim 20, wherein said detection of said synchronization pattern
- 2 comprises a correlation of data within said data stream to at least an n-bit difference
- 3 between said synchronization pattern and said reference synchronization pattern.
- 1 22. The method of claim 21, further comprising:
- 2 discarding all data pertaining to a data frame being formed in response to the
- 3 detection of an error flag within said input data stream.
- 1 23. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
- 2 identifying a cyclical redundancy check (CRC) data element proximate said T-FLAG
- 3 and within a respective IPG; and
- 4 utilizing said detected CRC and a CRC generated using a corresponding formed data
- 5 frame to determine whether said formed data frame has been corrupted.
- 1 24. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
- detecting a length indicative data element proximate said T-FLAG and within a
- 3 respective IPG; and
- 4 determining whether said received data frame has a length proximate the length

- 5 indicated by said length detected length indicative data element.
- 1 25. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
- detecting a pointer within said data stream proximate said T-FLAG, said pointer
- 3 identifying a start position of a next data frame; and
- 4 determining whether a gap within said data stream exists indicative of the corruption
- 5 of a T-FLAG prior to the reception of said data stream.
- 1 26. The method of claim 20, wherein said data stream is received from a physical media
- 2 dependent (PMD) layer and said formed data frames are provided to a media access control
- 3 (MAC) interface layer.